





# **ENDOMETRITIS**

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# **LESSON III**

· Diagnosis of endometritis

Observation of vaginal discharge with pus.



- The contents of the vagina should be inspected for the presence of pus.
- Manual vaginal examination

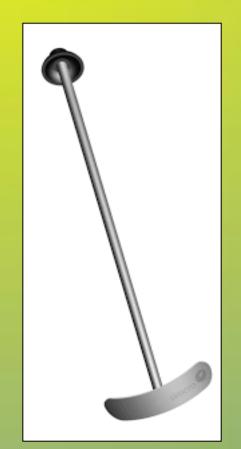


Vaginoscopy: Inspection of the mucus flowing out of the cervix.





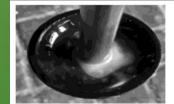
Metricheck®: Consists of a stainless steel rod with a rubber hemisphere that is used to rake out the vaginal contents

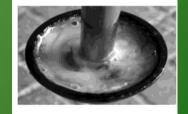




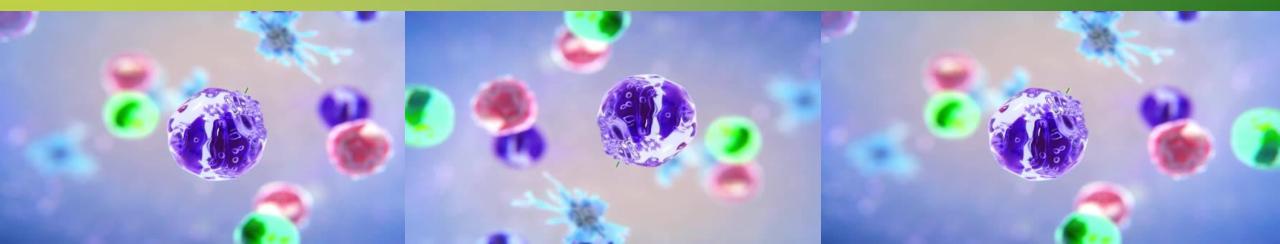








- Without any expression of clinical signs, the diagnosis of subclinical uterine infection remains a challenge.
- There is massive infiltration of the endometrium and the uterine lumen with neutrophils / Polymorpho nuclear leucocytes (PMN) cells.
- Detection of neutrophils / PMN cells



# "WHITE SIDE TEST"

# Field level, simple and rapid 'Cow-side' test:

- 1. Cervical mucus is collected aseptically
- 2. One ml of cervical mucus is taken in a sterile test tube + One ml of 5 to 10% sodium hydroxide solution is added to it and mixed gently.
- 3. The mixture is heated over a spirit lamp up to boiling point.
- 4. After cooling, the intensity of colour changes is studied and graded

# Interpretation of results

#### Colour

- 1 Turbid or no colour
- 2 Light yellow colour
- 3 Yellow colour
- 4 Dark Yellow

#### **Degree**

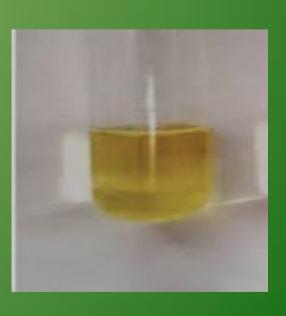
- Normal
- Mild
- Moderate
- Severe



- Positive reaction to white side test might be due to neutrophil infiltration due to inflammatory exudation in the infected genitalia
  - > The normal cervical mucus contains fewer numbers of leucocytes to cause such changes in colour
  - > In subclinical endometritis, cervical mucus contains a high number of leucocytes producing a colour reaction







# **ENDOMETRIAL CYTOLOGY**

Endometrial cell samples can be subjected for cytological examination

- > Uterine lavage technique
- > Cytobrush technique

#### **UTERINE LAVAGE**

- Small volume (10 20ml) of 0.9% sodium chloride solution is infused into the uterine body with a syringe attached to a sterile AI sheath.
- The uterus was massaged
- Fluid is recovered by negative pressure aspiration
- Transferred to a collection tube and centrifuged
- Sedimented cells are streaked on to sterile slide dried and stained with modified Giemsa stain.

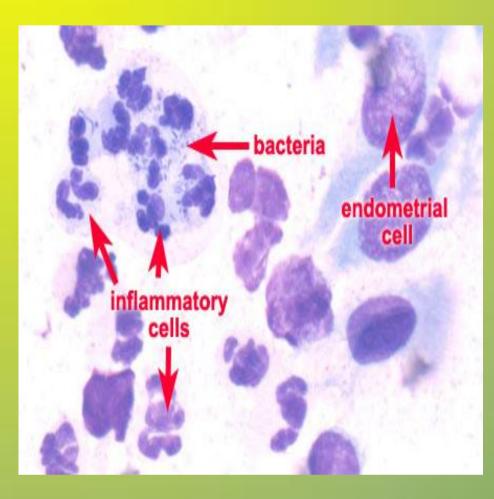
### **CYTOBRUSH**



- Cytobrush along with sanitary plastic sleeve is passed trans-cervically into the uterine body.
- The brush was rotated over the uterine wall and withdrawn.
- Endometrial cytology samples are prepared by rolling the brush onto a clean glass slide.
- The slide is air-dried and stained.



# **CYTOLOGY INTERPRETATION**



Different thresholds of PMN cells during different periods postpartum have been used to indicate subclinical endometritis.

- >18% PMNs at 20 to 30 days PP
- > 8% PMNs at 30 to 40 days PP
- > 5% PMNs at 40 to 60 days PP

### **ULTRASONOGRAPHY**

- Ultrasonography has been used as a method to diagnose subclinical endometritis based on
  - > the presence of intrauterine fluid and
  - > evaluation of uterine wall thickness
- A small amount of fluid in the uterine lumen and/or thickened uterine walls can be considered signs of

endometrial inflammation.

# **DIAGNOSIS OF ENDOMETRITIS**

#### **CLINICAL ENDOMETRITIS**

- · Based on clinical signs
- Purulent or muco-purulent discharge.

 Vaginal contents should be inspected for presence of pus.

### **SUB-CLINICAL ENDOMETRITIS**

- · No clinical signs
- Clear discharge (some animals show copious discharge)
- · Repeat breeding
- Field/lab test

# **SUMMARY**

- Clinical endometritis can be easily diagnosed by clinical signs.
- Subclinical infections have to be diagnosed based on Whiteside test or cytology study.
- Once the condition is diagnosed, we have to attempt for appropriate treatment.









Thank you!!